

25 years of the Madrid Protocol

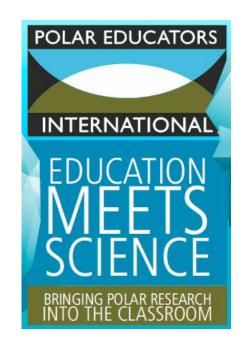
What, Why and How...is this important to a Polar educator?

José Xavier with many colleagues











Summary

Origins of the Madrid Protocol

The challenges of Antarctic environmental affairs today

The role of education of the Antarctic in the future











Antarctic research relevant to policy

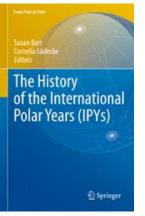
grew particularly from the late 1950's...



The First International Polar Year (1882-1883)

The Second International Polar Year (1932-1933)

International Geophysical Year (1957-58)





International Geophysics Year (1957-1958)



- > 60 States
- 4 000 scientific organisations
- 25 000 scientists & technicians

Provided conditions to make Antarctica a continent dedicated to Science





Signature of the Antarctic Treaty 1959





Antarctic Treaty

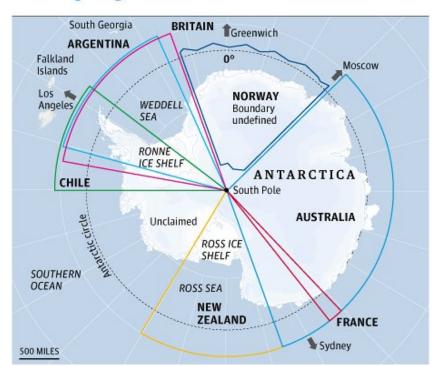


Signed in 1959, into force in 1961

Antarctica does not belong to any country

But there are "on-hold" claims....

The competing claims



http://www.ats.aq/e/ats.htm

Antarctic Treaty focus on 3 key issues

- . International cooperation
- . Science

. Protection of the Antarctic Environment



A continent dedicated to Peace and Science



International cooperation in scientific investigation:

- Information exchange
- Personnel exchange
- Scientific observations
- Results exchange

Freedom of scientific investigation in Antarctica Station settlement



Antarctic Treaty includes...

- Conservation of Antarctic Seals (1972)
- Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (1980)
- Convention for the Regulation of Antarctic Mineral Resource Activities (1988) – never ratified
- Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty or Madrid Protocol (1991)

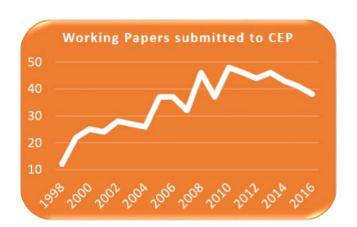
Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty



Designates Antarctica as a natural reserve, devoted to peace and science

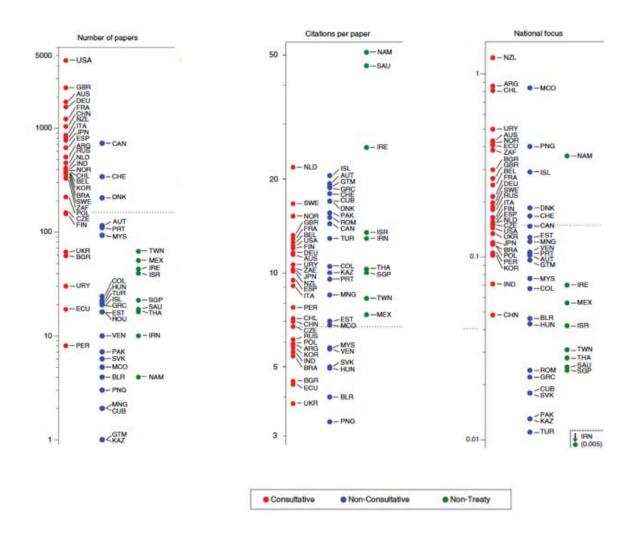
(Article 2)

There is no expiration date for the Protocol





Commission of the Environmental Protection (CEP)



Number of Educational outputs?

Celebrating the 25th Anniversary of the Madrid Protocol in 2016!!!



Santiago Declaration on the Twenty Fifth Anniversary of the signing of the Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty





Major issues to Antarctic policy makers

Knowledge of Antarctic environment is incomplete

Situation is not static...

Impact of human activities should be recognized and minimized

Major issues to Antarctic policy makers

Slow pace of Antarctic policies development:

Pollution management – <u>Stopped</u>

Protected Areas – Stopped?

Conservation status of species – Stopped





World's largest marine protected area declared in Antarctica

Problems: Need for quality science and good interpretation of results, funding, emerging issues, political contexts, <u>lack of communication</u>

Sutherland *et al.* (2013) *Nature* 503: 335-337 Hughes *et al.* (2016) *Antarctic science* (editorial)

Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research is playing a key role



Persistent organic pollutants
Bioprospecting
Wildlife disturbance

Specially protected species
Non-native species
Environmental impacts

ALWAYS EVIDENCE-BASED ADVICE



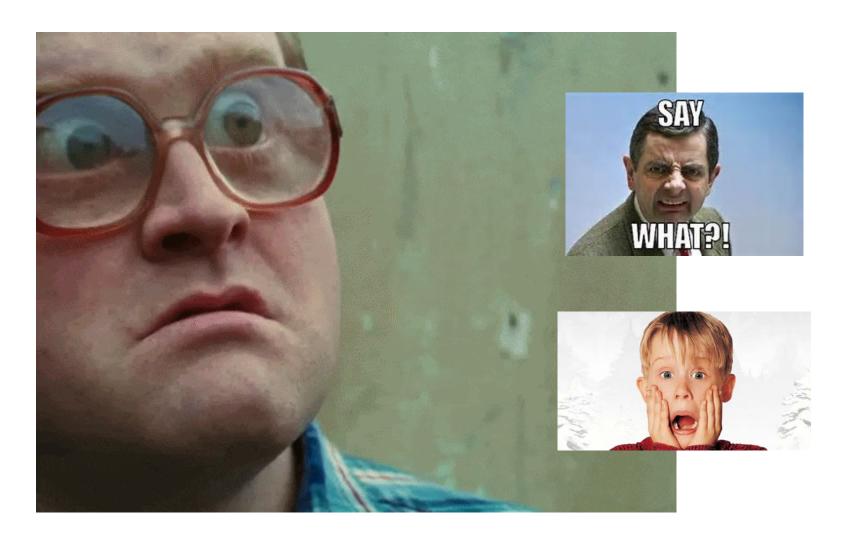
SCAR identifies issues emerging from greater scientific understanding of the region and brings them to the attention of policy makers

What scientists need to know about policy makers

- Applying science into policy is DIFFICULT!
- "We need more research" is the wrong answer
- Policy makers can be experts too ©
- Economics and law are important in policy advice
- Public opinion matters
- Policy and science operate on different scales

Educators can help a lot!!!!

In the early days...when one talks to the other...











More engagement of scientists needed...

Do you have research papers that might have policy implications?

Research relevant to Antarctic policies

Introduction of non-native species

Area protection and management

Repair or remediation of environmental damage

Improving biodiversity knowledge

Climate change implications for the environment

Monitoring and state of the environment reporting

Marine spatial protection and management

Research relevant to Antarctic policies

Site specific guidelines for tourist-visited sites Human footprint / wilderness management

Improving environmental impact assessment

Designation and management of Historic Sites and Monuments

Tourism and NGO activities

Protection of outstanding geological values

Solutions in progress...

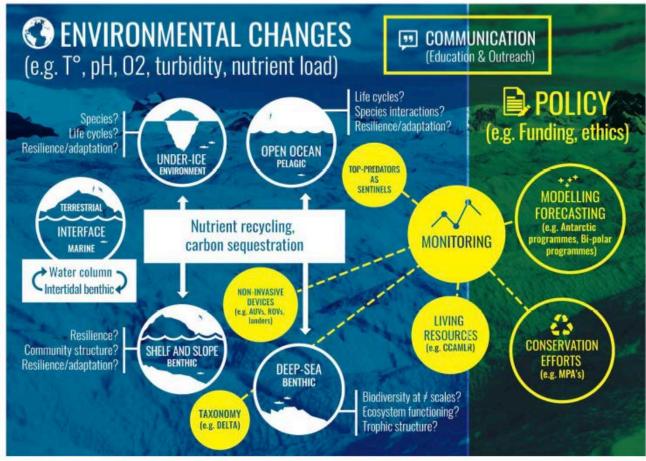


- . Creation of mechanisms to facilitate collaborations (to address scientific issues relevant to Antarctic policy)
- . **Establish good communication channels** (e.g. more engagement between scientists and policy makers)
- . Adequate interpretation of evidence-based (well funded) science



- . Assessment of emerging issues well in advance (e.g. having more engaged scientists into policy making; check CEP plans)
- . International scientific engagement to address policy relevant issues (e.g. Through SCAR research programs with national funding bodies)
- . Creation of an Antarctic Treaty Education & Outreach Forum

Example of a framework...COMMUNICATION is key!

















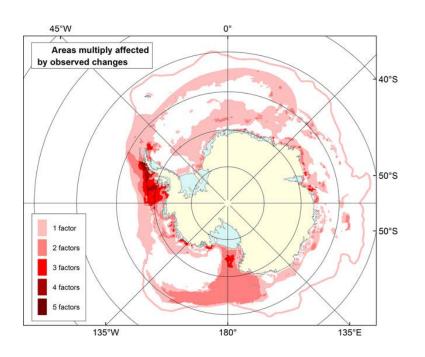
Xavier, Brandt, Ropert-Coudert, Badhe, Gutt, Havermans, Jones, Costa, Lochte, Schloss, Kennicutt II & Sutherland (2016) *Fronteirs in Marine Science* 3:94

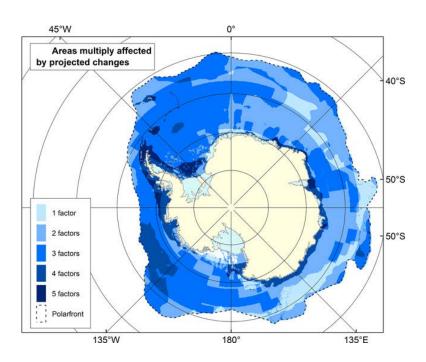
Global Change Biology

Global Change Biology (2015) 21, 1434-1453, doi: 10.1111/gcb.12794

The Southern Ocean ecosystem under multiple climate change stresses - an integrated circumpolar assessment

JULIAN GUTT¹, NANCY BERTLER², THOMAS J. BRACEGIRDLE³, ALEXANDER BUSCHMANN¹, JOSEFINO COMISO⁴, GRAHAM HOSIE⁵, ENRIQUE ISLA⁶, IRENE R. SCHLOSS^{7,8}, CRAIG R. SMITH⁹, JEAN TOURNADRE¹⁰ and JOSÉ C. XAVIER^{3,11}







The need to respect nature and its limits challenges society and conservation science

Jean-Louis Martin^a, Virginie Maris^a, and Daniel S. Simberloff^{b,1}



We need fundamental shifts in values from a growth-centered society to one acknowledging biophysical limits and centered on human well-being and biodiversity conservation

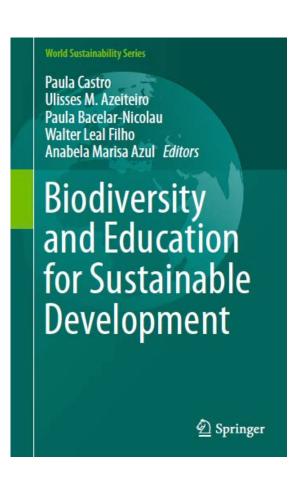
Emerging issue on Education with Environmental Protection (e.g. Biodiversity)

Importance of the Polar Regions and Biodiversity

Step 1. Evaluation of Impact

Education on Biodiversity in the Polar Regions

José C. Xavier, Gerlis Fugmann, Inga Beck, Louise Huffman and Eric Jensen



Visitor Survey

Institution logo Date: Email address:

1. What is your gender?	Vhat is your gender? 5. Please list anything that comes to mind when you think of 'polar wildlife':	
☐ MALE ☐ FEMALE ☐ OTHER		
2. What is your age?	1.	
years	2.	
How many years of formal education (in school, college and university) have you had?	3.	
years	4.	
4. Do you live locally or are you visiting? ☐ LOCAL ☐ VISITOR / TOURIST	5.	
5. What prompted your visit today (tick all that apply)?	6. If you can think of an action that you could take to help save polar plant or animal species, please list below: (<i>Or if you <u>can't</u> think of any actions, tick here</i> □)	
☐ Fun day out ☐ Learn about animals ☐ See animals ☐ Entertainment	1.	
☐ Family time ☐ Other (specify below)	2.	
If Other:		
7. Please note whether you agree with the following statement:	*If you listed actions above, have you taken any of these actions in the last month? NO U YES U	
'I feel <u>personally</u> concerned about animals going extinct' (circle your answer) <u>Strongly Disagree</u> : Disagree – Somewhat Disagree – <u>Neutral</u> – Somewhat Agree – Agree - <u>Strongly Agree</u>		[Information about the survey, who is conducting it, how data will be used, etc.]
(Or if you <u>have no opinion</u> about this statement, tick here □)		Thank you very much for completing this survey!

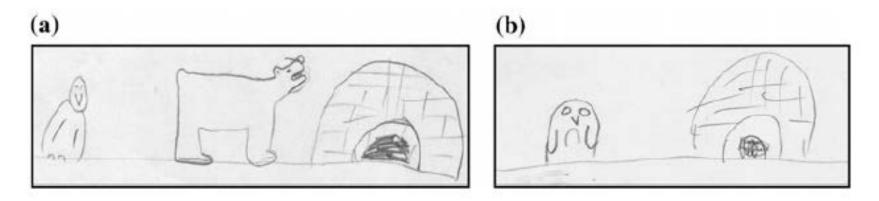


Fig. 2 Pre- a and post-visit b drawings for same child from impact evaluation at London Zoo



Policy makers, scientists and educators are striking back... working together!!!!!

But how? Good historical context...









PEI 2015 Hannover

EDUCATION MEETS SCIENCE

- Conferences

BRINGING POLAR RESEARCH INTO THE CLASSROOMS

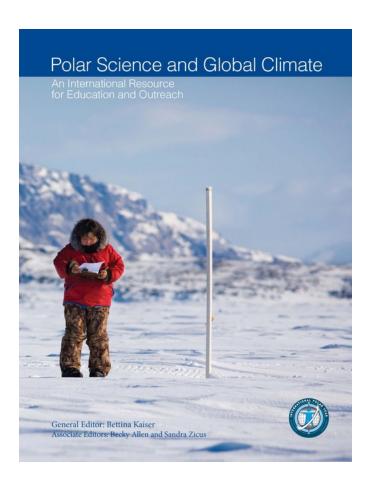
www.polareducator.org

This is your opportunity!!!



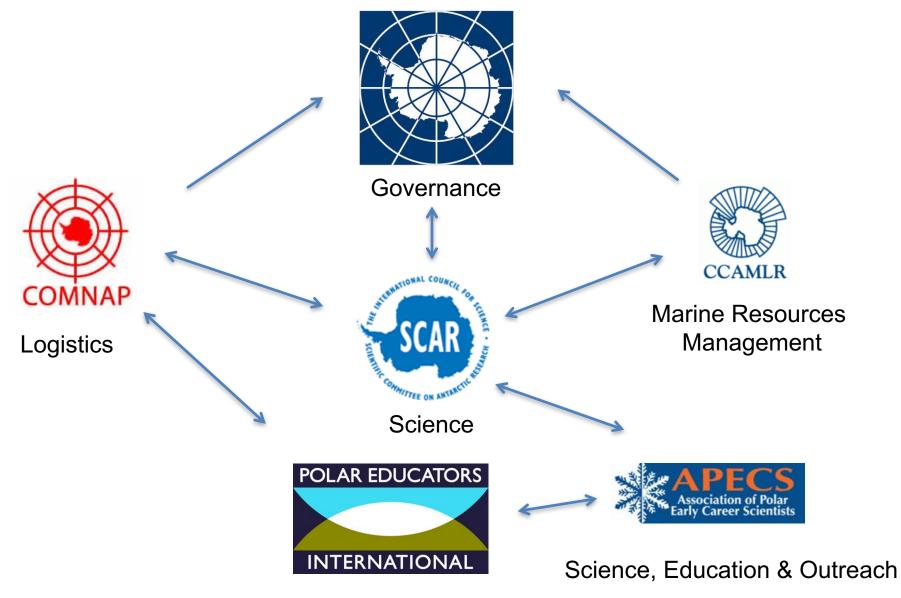


Considerable work already done...



Kaiser et al. (2010)

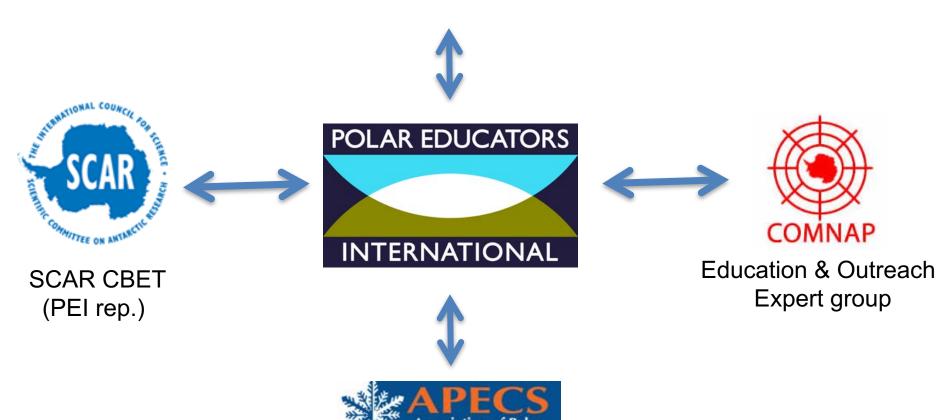
Networking



Education



Intersessional contact Group Education and Outreach (IP papers delivered)



(PEI rep.)

Build your network

With your colleagues (PEI)

With early career scientists (APECS)



Within your country representatives (Antarctic Treaty System)

With (other) scientists/<u>educators</u> via SCAR Capacity Building, Education & Training (SCAR CBET)...and these workshops!!!

25 years of the Madrid Protocol

- Important for Antarctic Treaty affairs
- Help addressing future issues
- Education about the Antarctic is crucial!

Polar Educators International play a key role





Acknowledgements

Matteo, Alessia, Betty, Louise, Gary, Patricia, Betsy, Julia and all organizers!!!

All colleagues from the SCAR Mini-symposium that contributed

MAKE THE BEST OF THIS WEEK





